



---

# The Philippine Economy: Resilience Amidst Uncertainties

---

1

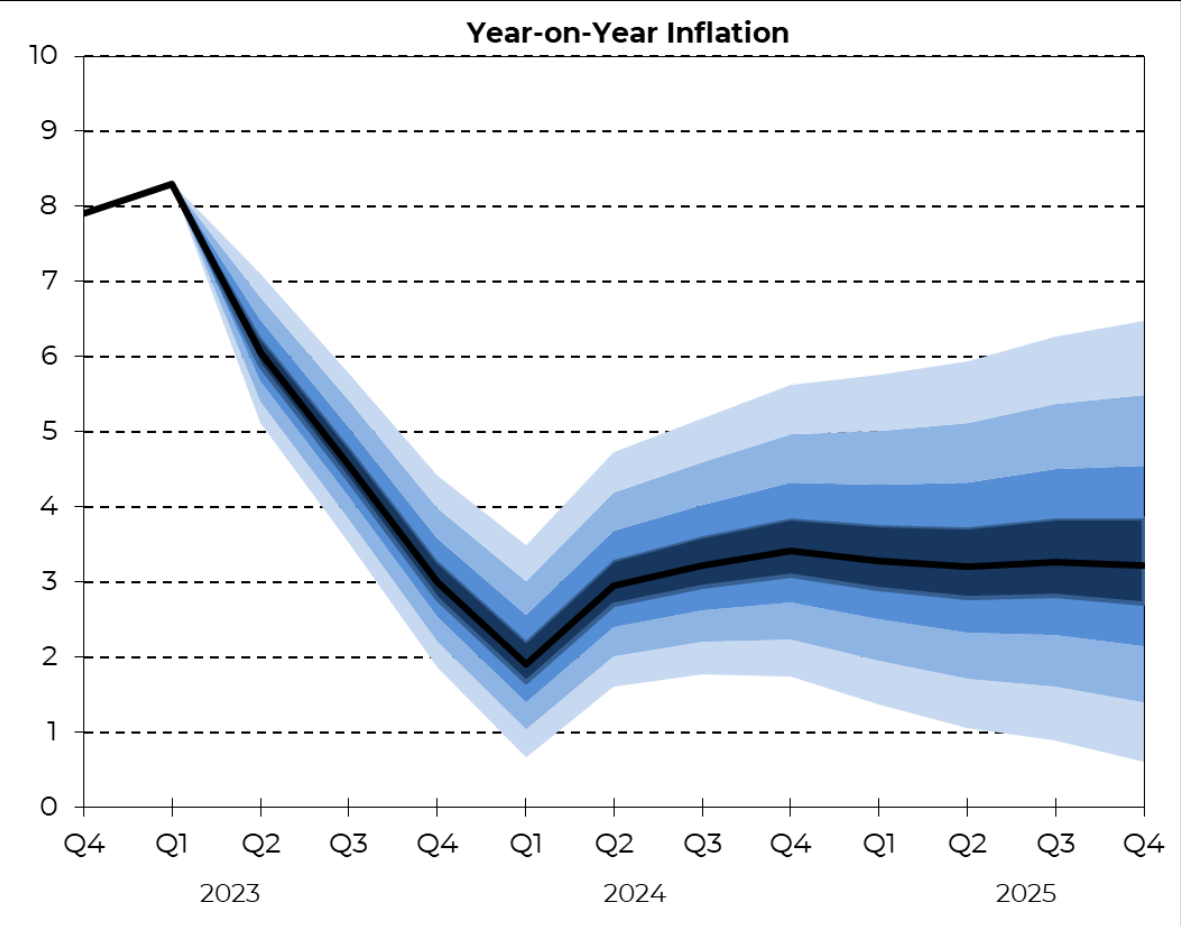
**FRANCISCO G. DAKILA, JR.**  
Deputy Governor  
Monetary and Economics Sector  
Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas



# Inflation is forecast to return to within target by Q4 2023

## BSP Year-on-Year Inflation Forecast

As of 22 June 2023, Monetary Board Policy Meeting



Source: BSP

## BSP Average Baseline Inflation Projection

| Year | 18-May MB Mtg | 22-Jun MB Mtg | Diff. |
|------|---------------|---------------|-------|
| 2023 | 5.5           | 5.4           | -0.05 |
| 2024 | 2.8           | 2.9           | 0.04  |
| 2025 | -             | 3.2           | -     |



# BSP has pragmatically used its expanded toolkit

| Countires          | Absolute change in policy interest rate (bps)                     | Nominal Exchange Rate Changes    | Change in GIR (in percent)                           | Change in GIR (in USD billion) |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|                    | cumulative policy rate adjustment since August 2021 <sup>a/</sup> | as of 18 July 2023 <sup>b/</sup> | end-2021 data vs latest available data <sup>c/</sup> |                                |
| <b>Philippines</b> | <b>425</b>                                                        | <b>2.5</b>                       | <b>-8.3</b>                                          | <b>-9.0</b>                    |
| S. Korea           | 300                                                               | -0.1                             | -9.0                                                 | -41.7                          |
| India              | 250                                                               | 0.9                              | -6.8                                                 | -42.9                          |
| Indonesia          | 225                                                               | 3.9                              | -5.1                                                 | -7.4                           |
| Thailand           | 150                                                               | 1.1                              | -11.3                                                | -27.8                          |
| Malaysia           | 125                                                               | -2.9                             | -4.7                                                 | -5.5                           |
| Taiwan             | 75                                                                | -0.7                             | 3.0                                                  | 16.4                           |
| Vietnam            | 50                                                                | 0.0                              | -20.8                                                | -22.8                          |

Source: Bloomberg and CEIC

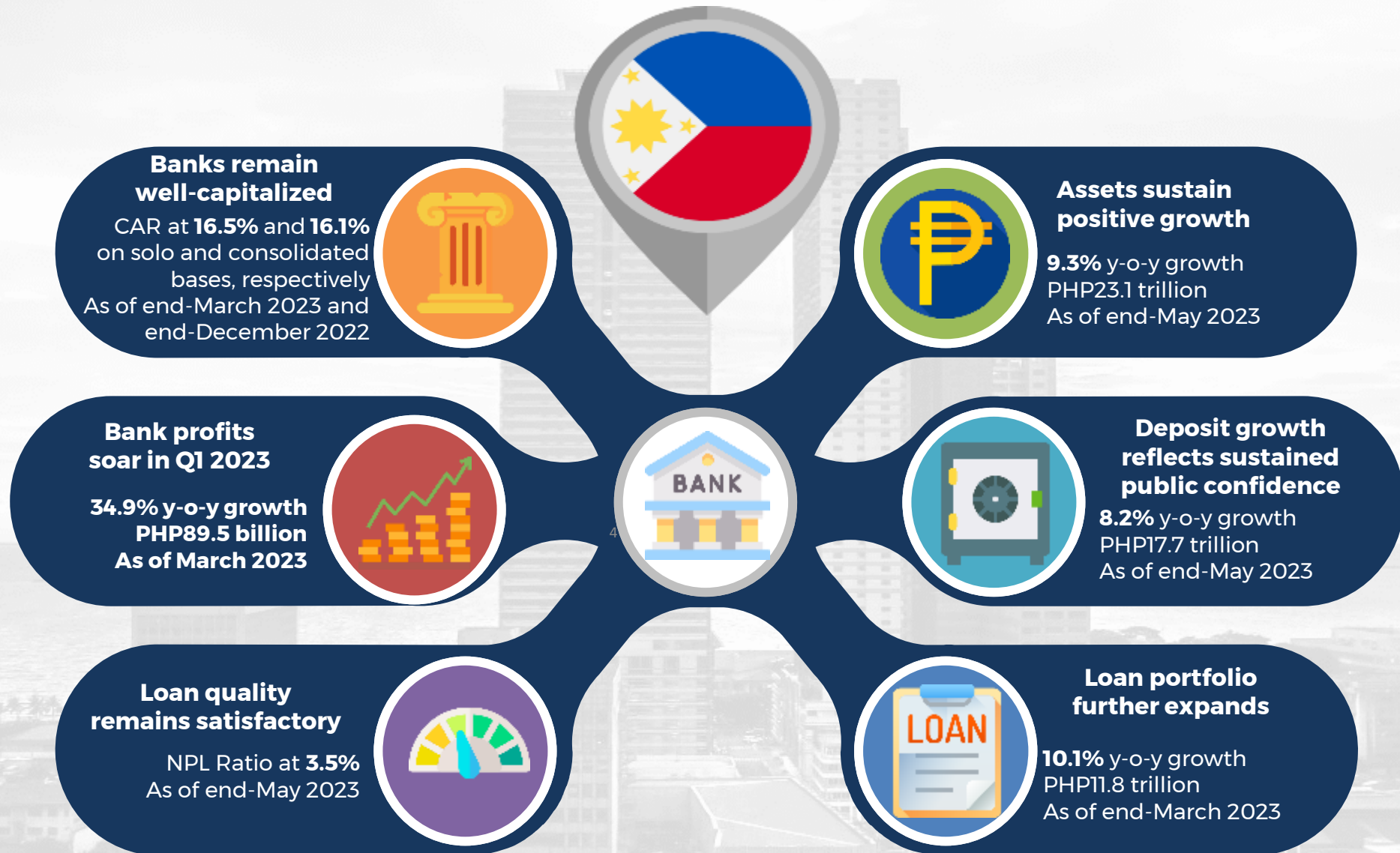
a/ July 2021 policy rate vis-à-vis latest policy meetings in 2023.

b/ FX data as of 18 July 2023. Last quoted price as of 4 pm (except for PhP which is the last done deal in the session).

c/ Foreign exchange reserves for Philippines, South Korea, Indonesia, Thailand, Malaysia, and Taiwan are based on data as of June 2023, while India is as of May 2023. Meanwhile, data on Vietnam is as of December 2022.

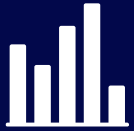


# Philippine banking system at a glance: A picture of resilience





# Key Takeaways



**Indications of our previous monetary tightening exerting its impact on the economy and the projected return of inflation to target range in Q4 2023 have given the BSP sufficient reason for a prudent pause.**



**However, the BSP remains ready to resume monetary tightening as warranted by the data on the inflation outlook. Our focus remains on bringing inflation back to a target-consistent path.**



**Future monetary policy actions by the BSP will continue to be data-dependent and guided by evolving domestic developments, particularly its latest outlook on inflation and growth.**





# The Philippine Economy: Resilience Amidst Uncertainties

**FRANCISCO G. DAKILA**

Deputy Governor  
Monetary and Economics Sector  
Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas

